
Grade 6 | Georgia's K–12 Mathematics Standards (2021) Correlation to *Eureka Math*²® (2027)

*Eureka Math*² is a research-proven math curriculum that empowers teachers to center instructional techniques on student success. Teachers can foster more “aha!” learning moments by providing the support needed for all learners to build a more confident math mindset.

This *Eureka Math*² edition builds on a strong foundation of effective instruction. It provides teachers with guidance on delivering rigorous instruction that honors student choice and encourages confident problem-solving.

*Eureka Math*² carefully sequences mathematical content to maximize vertical alignment from kindergarten through high school. This kind of sequencing has proven to be essential in students' mastery of math.

Teachability

*Eureka Math*² employs streamlined materials that allow teachers to plan more efficiently and focus their energy on delivering high-quality instruction that meets the individual needs of their students. Differentiation suggestions, slide decks, digital interactives, and multiple forms of assessment are just a few of the resources built into the teacher materials.

Accessibility

*Eureka Math*² incorporates Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles so all learners can access the mathematics and take on challenging math concepts. UDL, Differentiation, and Multilingual Learner supports are built into the instructional design and are clearly identified in the *Teach* book.

The curriculum also carries a focus on readability. By eliminating unnecessary words and using clear sentences, the *Eureka Math*² teacher-writers have created one of the most readable mathematics curricula on the market. The curriculum's readability and accessibility help all students see themselves as mathematical thinkers and doers who are fully capable of owning their mathematics learning.

Math Confidence

*Eureka Math*² fosters a classroom culture of learning by encouraging student-led discourse and cognitive engagement that results in confident learners. By leveraging consistent models, routines, and progressions, teachers can remove barriers and allow all students an avenue to success. Within the digital platform, each grade includes wordless videos and digital interactives that spark students' curiosity and help them make conceptual connections. Using the *Learn* books, students wonder, explore, and make sense of mathematics, which helps them develop a strong, positive mathematical identity.

Standards for Mathematical Practice	Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> ²
<p>MP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</p>	<p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p>
<p>MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.</p>	<p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p>
<p>MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.</p>	<p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p>
<p>MP.4 Model with mathematics.</p>	<p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p>
<p>MP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically.</p>	<p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p>
<p>MP.6 Attend to precision.</p>	<p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p>
<p>MP.7 Look for and make use of structure.</p>	<p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p>
<p>MP.8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.</p>	<p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p>

Numerical Reasoning

6.NR.1 Solve relevant, mathematical problems involving operations with whole numbers, fractions, and decimal numbers.

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<p>6.NR.1.1</p> <p>Fluently add and subtract any combination of fractions to solve problems.</p>	<p>5 M2 Lesson 5: Add and subtract fractions with related units by using pictorial models.</p> <p>5 M2 Lesson 6: Add and subtract fractions with related units by using area models to rename fractions.</p> <p>5 M2 Lesson 7: Add and subtract fractions with related units by finding equivalent fractions numerically.</p> <p>5 M2 Lesson 8: Add and subtract fractions with unrelated units by finding equivalent fractions pictorially.</p> <p>5 M2 Lesson 9: Add and subtract fractions with unrelated units by finding equivalent fractions numerically.</p> <p>5 M2 Lesson 12: Subtract whole numbers from mixed numbers and mixed numbers from whole numbers.</p>
<p>6.NR.1.2</p> <p>Multiply and divide any combination of whole numbers, fractions, and mixed numbers using a student-selected strategy. Interpret products and quotients of fractions and solve word problems.</p>	<p>5 M3 Lesson 7: Multiply fractions less than 1 by unit fractions pictorially.</p> <p>5 M3 Lesson 8: Multiply fractions less than 1 pictorially.</p> <p>5 M3 Lesson 9: Multiply fractions by unit fractions by making simpler problems.</p> <p>5 M3 Lesson 10: Multiply fractions greater than 1 by fractions.</p> <p>5 M3 Lesson 11: Multiply fractions.</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 6: Dividing a Whole Number by a Fraction</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 7: Dividing a Fraction by a Whole Number</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 8: Dividing Fractions by Making Common Denominators</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 9: Dividing Fractions by Using Tape Diagrams</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 10: Dividing Fractions by Using the Invert and Multiply Strategy</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 11: Applications of Fraction Division</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 12: Fraction Operations in a Real-World Situation</p>

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<p>6.NR.1.3</p> <p>Perform operations with multi-digit decimal numbers fluently using models and student-selected strategies.</p>	<p>6 M2 Lesson 9: Dividing Fractions by Using Tape Diagrams</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 10: Dividing Fractions by Using the Invert and Multiply Strategy</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 11: Applications of Fraction Division</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 12: Fraction Operations in a Real-World Situation</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 21: Dividing a Decimal by a Whole Number</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 22: Dividing a Decimal by a Decimal Greater Than 1</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 23: Dividing a Decimal by a Decimal Less Than 1</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 24: Living on Mars</p>
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Numerical Reasoning

6.NR.2 Apply operations with whole numbers, fractions, and decimals within relevant applications.

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<p>6.NR.2.1</p> <p>Describe and interpret the center of the distribution by the equal share value (mean).</p>	<p>6 M6 Lesson 1: Posing Statistical Questions</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 2: Describing a Data Distribution</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 3: Creating a Dot Plot</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 4: Creating a Histogram</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 5: Comparing Data Displays</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 6: Selecting a Data Display</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 7: Using the Mean to Describe the Center</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 8: The Mean as a Balance Point</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 9: Variability in a Data Distribution</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 10: The Mean Absolute Deviation</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 11: Using the Mean and Mean Absolute Deviation</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 12: Using the Median to Describe the Center</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 13: Using the Interquartile Range to Describe Variability</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 14: Using a Box Plot to Summarize a Distribution</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 15: More Practice with Box Plots</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 16: Interpreting Box Plots</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 17: Developing a Statistical Project</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 18: Connecting Graphical Representations and Summary Measures</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 19: Comparing Data Distributions</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 20: Choosing a Measure of Center</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 21: Comparing Measures of Variability</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 22: Presenting Statistical Projects</p>

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<p>6.NR.2.2</p> <p>Summarize categorical and quantitative (numerical) data sets in relation to the context: display the distributions of quantitative (numerical) data in plots on a number line, including dot plots, histograms, and box plots and display the distribution of categorical data using bar graphs.</p>	<p>6 M6 Lesson 1: Posing Statistical Questions</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 2: Describing a Data Distribution</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 3: Creating a Dot Plot</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 4: Creating a Histogram</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 5: Comparing Data Displays</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 6: Selecting a Data Display</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 7: Using the Mean to Describe the Center</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 8: The Mean as a Balance Point</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 9: Variability in a Data Distribution</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 10: The Mean Absolute Deviation</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 11: Using the Mean and Mean Absolute Deviation</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 12: Using the Median to Describe the Center</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 13: Using the Interquartile Range to Describe Variability</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 14: Using a Box Plot to Summarize a Distribution</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 15: More Practice with Box Plots</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 16: Interpreting Box Plots</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 17: Developing a Statistical Project</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 18: Connecting Graphical Representations and Summary Measures</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 19: Comparing Data Distributions</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 20: Choosing a Measure of Center</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 21: Comparing Measures of Variability</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 22: Presenting Statistical Projects</p>
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<p>6.NR.2.3</p> <p>Interpret numerical data to answer a statistical investigative question created. Describe the distribution of a quantitative (numerical) variable collected, including its center, variability, and overall shape.</p>	<p>6 M6 Lesson 7: Using the Mean to Describe the Center</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 8: The Mean as a Balance Point</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 9: Variability in a Data Distribution</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 10: The Mean Absolute Deviation</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 11: Using the Mean and Mean Absolute Deviation</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 12: Using the Median to Describe the Center</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 13: Using the Interquartile Range to Describe Variability</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 18: Connecting Graphical Representations and Summary Measures</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 21: Comparing Measures of Variability</p>
<p>6.NR.2.4</p> <p>Design simple experiments and collect data. Use data gathered from realistic scenarios and simulations to determine quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (interquartile range and range). Use these quantities to draw conclusions about the data, compare different numerical data sets, and make predictions.</p>	<p>7 M6 Lesson 12: Selecting a Sample</p> <p>7 M6 Lesson 17: Comparing Sample Means</p> <p>7 M6 Lesson 18: Comparing Population Means</p> <p>7 M6 Lesson 19: Memory Games</p>
<p>6.NR.2.5</p> <p>Relate the choice of measures of center and variability to the shape of the data distribution and the context in which the data were gathered.</p>	<p>6 M6 Lesson 20: Choosing a Measure of Center</p>

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<p>6.NR.2.6</p> <p>Describe the impact that inserting or deleting a data point has on the mean and the median of a data set. Create data displays using a dot plot or box plot to examine this impact.</p>	<p>6 M6 Lesson 12: Using the Median to Describe the Center</p> <p>6 M6 Lesson 20: Choosing a Measure of Center</p>
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Numerical Reasoning

6.NR.3 Solve a variety of problems involving whole numbers and their opposites; model rational numbers on a number line to describe problems presented in relevant, mathematical situations.

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<p>6.NR.3.1</p> <p>Identify and compare integers and explain the meaning of zero based on multiple authentic situations.</p>	<p>6 M3 Lesson 1: Positive and Negative Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 2: Integers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 3: Rational Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 4: Rational Numbers in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 5: Comparing Rational Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 6: Ordering Rational Numbers</p>
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<p>6.NR.3.2</p> <p>Order and plot integers on a number line and use distance from zero to discover the connection between integers and their opposites.</p>	<p>6 M3 Lesson 1: Positive and Negative Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 2: Integers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 3: Rational Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 4: Rational Numbers in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 5: Comparing Rational Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 6: Ordering Rational Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 7: Absolute Value</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 8: Absolute Value and Order</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 9: Interpreting Order and Distance in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 10: The Four Quadrants of the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 11: Plotting Points in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 12: Reflections in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 13: Constructing the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 14: Modeling with the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 15: Distance in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 16: Figures in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 17: Problem Solving with the Coordinate Plane</p>
<p>6.NR.3.3</p> <p>Recognize and explain that opposite signs of integers indicate locations on opposite sides of zero on the number line; recognize and explain that the opposite of the opposite of a number is the number itself.</p>	<p>6 M3 Lesson 1: Positive and Negative Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 2: Integers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 3: Rational Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 4: Rational Numbers in Real-World Situations</p>

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<p>6.NR.3.4</p> <p>Write, interpret, and explain statements of order for rational numbers in authentic, mathematical situations. Compare rational numbers, including integers, using equality and inequality symbols.</p>	<p>6 M3 Lesson 5: Comparing Rational Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 6: Ordering Rational Numbers</p>
<p>6.NR.3.5</p> <p>Explain the absolute value of a rational number as its distance from zero on the number line; interpret absolute value as distance for a positive or negative quantity in a relevant situation.</p>	<p>6 M3 Lesson 7: Absolute Value</p>
<p>6.NR.3.6</p> <p>Distinguish comparisons of absolute value from statements about order.</p>	<p>6 M3 Lesson 8: Absolute Value and Order</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 9: Interpreting Order and Distance in Real-World Situations</p>

Numerical Reasoning

6.NR.4 Solve a variety of contextual problems involving ratios, unit rates, equivalent ratios, percentages, and conversions within measurement systems using proportional reasoning.

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<p>6.NR.4.1</p> <p>Explain the concept of a ratio, represent ratios, and use ratio language to describe a relationship between two quantities.</p>	<p>6 M1 Lesson 1: Jars of Jelly Beans</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 2: Introduction to Ratios</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 3: Ratios and Tape Diagrams</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 4: Exploring Ratios by Making Batches</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 5: Equivalent Ratios</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 6: Ratio Tables and Double Number Lines</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 7: Graphs of Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 8: Addition Patterns in Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 9: Multiplication Patterns in Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 10: Multiplicative Reasoning in Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 11: Applications of Ratio Reasoning</p>
<p>6.NR.4.2</p> <p>Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.</p>	<p>6 M1 Lesson 6: Ratio Tables and Double Number Lines</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 7: Graphs of Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 8: Addition Patterns in Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 9: Multiplication Patterns in Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 10: Multiplicative Reasoning in Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 11: Applications of Ratio Reasoning</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 12: Multiple Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 13: Comparing Ratio Relationships, Part 1</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 14: Comparing Ratio Relationships, Part 2</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 15: The Value of the Ratio</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 16: Speed</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 18: Comparing Rates</p>

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<p>6.NR.4.3</p> <p>Solve problems involving proportions using a variety of student-selected strategies.</p>	<p>6 M1 Lesson 1: Jars of Jelly Beans</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 2: Introduction to Ratios</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 3: Ratios and Tape Diagrams</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 4: Exploring Ratios by Making Batches</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 5: Equivalent Ratios</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 6: Ratio Tables and Double Number Lines</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 7: Graphs of Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 8: Addition Patterns in Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 9: Multiplication Patterns in Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 10: Multiplicative Reasoning in Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 11: Applications of Ratio Reasoning</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 22: Relationship Between Two Variables</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 23: Graphs of Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 24: Graphs of Non-Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 25: The Statue of Liberty</p>
<p>6.NR.4.4</p> <p>Describe the concept of rates and unit rate in the context of a ratio relationship.</p>	<p>6 M1 Lesson 15: The Value of the Ratio</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 16: Speed</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 17: Rates</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 18: Comparing Rates</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 19: Using Rates to Convert Units</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 20: Solving Rate Problems</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 21: Solving Multi-Step Rate Problems</p>

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<p>6.NR.4.5</p> <p>Solve unit rate problems including those involving unit pricing and constant speed.</p>	<p>6 M1 Lesson 16: Speed</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 17: Rates</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 18: Comparing Rates</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 19: Using Rates to Convert Units</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 20: Solving Rate Problems</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 21: Solving Multi-Step Rate Problems</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 8: Areas of Composite Figures in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 13: Surface Area in Real-World Situations</p>
<p>6.NR.4.6</p> <p>Calculate a percent of a quantity as a rate per 100 and solve everyday problems given a percent.</p>	<p>6 M1 Lesson 22: Introduction to Percents</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 23: Finding the Percent</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 24: Finding a Part</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 25: Finding the Whole</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 26: Solving Percent Problems</p>
<p>6.NR.4.7</p> <p>Use ratios to convert within measurement systems (customary and metric) to solve authentic problems that exist in everyday life.</p>	<p>5 M3 Lesson 5: Convert larger customary measurement units to smaller measurement units.</p> <p>5 M3 Lesson 6: Convert smaller customary measurement units to larger measurement units.</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 16: Speed</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 17: Rates</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 18: Comparing Rates</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 19: Using Rates to Convert Units</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 20: Solving Rate Problems</p> <p>6 M1 Lesson 21: Solving Multi-Step Rate Problems</p>

Geometric and Spatial Reasoning**6.GSR.5 Solve relevant problems involving area, surface area, and volume.****Georgia's K–12
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<p>6.GSR.5.1</p> <p>Explore area as a measurable attribute of triangles, quadrilaterals, and other polygons conceptually by composing or decomposing into rectangles, triangles, and other shapes. Find the area of these geometric figures to solve problems.</p>	<p>6 M5 Lesson 1: The Area of a Parallelogram</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 2: The Area of a Right Triangle</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 3: The Area of a Triangle</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 4: Areas of Triangles in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 5: Perimeter and Area in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 6: Problem Solving with Area in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 7: Areas of Trapezoids and Other Polygons</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 8: Areas of Composite Figures in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 9: Properties of Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 10: Discovering Nets of Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 11: Constructing Nets of Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 12: From Nets to Surface Area</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 13: Surface Area in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 14: Designing a Box</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 15: Exploring Volume</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 16: Applying Volume Formulas</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 17: Problem Solving with Volume</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 18: Volumes of Composite Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 19: Volume and Surface Area in Real-World Situations</p>

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<p>6.GSR.5.2</p> <p>Given the net of three-dimensional figures with rectangular and triangular faces, determine the surface area of these figures.</p>	<p>6 M5 Lesson 9: Properties of Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 10: Discovering Nets of Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 11: Constructing Nets of Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 12: From Nets to Surface Area</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 13: Surface Area in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 14: Designing a Box</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 19: Volume and Surface Area in Real-World Situations</p>
<p>6.GSR.5.3</p> <p>Calculate the volume of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths by applying the formula, $V = (\text{area of base}) \times (\text{height})$.</p>	<p>6 M5 Lesson 15: Exploring Volume</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 16: Applying Volume Formulas</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 17: Problem Solving with Volume</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 18: Volumes of Composite Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 19: Volume and Surface Area in Real-World Situations</p>

Patterning and Algebraic Reasoning

6.PAR.6 Identify, write, evaluate, and interpret numerical and algebraic expressions as mathematical models to explain authentic situations.

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<p>6.PAR.6.1</p> <p>Write and evaluate numerical expressions involving rational bases and whole-number exponents.</p>	<p>6 M4 Lesson 1: Expressions with Addition and Subtraction</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 2: Expressions with Multiplication and Division</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 3: Exploring Exponents</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 4: Evaluating Expressions with Exponents</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 5: Exploring Order of Operations</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 6: Order of Operations</p>
<p>6.PAR.6.2</p> <p>Determine greatest common factors and least common multiples using a variety of strategies to make sense of applicable problems</p>	<p>5 M1 Lesson 21: Express a composite number to 50 as a product of its prime factors.</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 1: Factors and Multiples</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 2: Divisibility</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 3: The Greatest Common Factor</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 4: The Least Common Multiple</p> <p>6 M2 Lesson 5: The Euclidean Algorithm</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 13: The Distributive Property</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 14: Using the Distributive Property to Factor Expressions</p>
<p>6.PAR.6.3</p> <p>Write and read expressions that represent operations with numbers and variables in realistic situations.</p>	<p>6 M4 Lesson 7: Algebraic Expressions with Addition and Subtraction</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 8: Algebraic Expressions with Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, and Division</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 9: Addition and Subtraction Expressions from Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 11: Modeling Real-World Situations with Expressions</p>

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<p>6.PAR.6.4</p> <p>Evaluate expressions when given values for the variables, including expressions that arise in everyday situations.</p>	<p>6 M4 Lesson 8: Algebraic Expressions with Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, and Division</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 11: Modeling Real-World Situations with Expressions</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 12: Applying Properties to Multiplication and Division Expressions</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 17: Equations and Solutions</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 1: The Area of a Parallelogram</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 2: The Area of a Right Triangle</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 3: The Area of a Triangle</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 4: Areas of Triangles in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 5: Perimeter and Area in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 6: Problem Solving with Area in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 7: Areas of Trapezoids and Other Polygons</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 8: Areas of Composite Figures in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 9: Properties of Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 10: Discovering Nets of Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 11: Constructing Nets of Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 12: From Nets to Surface Area</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 13: Surface Area in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 14: Designing a Box</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 15: Exploring Volume</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 16: Applying Volume Formulas</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 17: Problem Solving with Volume</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 18: Volumes of Composite Solids</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 19: Volume and Surface Area in Real-World Situations</p>
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<p>6.PAR.6.5</p> <p>Apply the properties of operations to identify and generate equivalent expressions.</p>	<p>6 M4 Lesson 12: Applying Properties to Multiplication and Division Expressions</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 13: The Distributive Property</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 14: Using the Distributive Property to Factor Expressions</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 15: Combining Like Terms by Using the Distributive Property</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 16: Equivalent Algebraic Expressions</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 7: Areas of Trapezoids and Other Polygons</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 12: From Nets to Surface Area</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 17: Problem Solving with Volume</p>
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Patterning and Algebraic Reasoning

6.PAR.7 Write and solve one-step equations and inequalities as mathematical models to explain authentic, realistic situations.

**Georgia's K–12
Mathematics Standards**

Aligned Components of *Eureka Math*²

<p>6.PAR.7.1</p> <p>Solve one-step equations and inequalities involving variables when values for the variables are given. Determine whether an equation and inequality involving a variable is true or false for a given value of the variable.</p>	<p>6 M4 Lesson 17: Equations and Solutions</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 18: Inequalities and Solutions</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 19: Solving Equations with Addition and Subtraction</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 20: Solving Equations with Multiplication and Division</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 21: Solving Problems with Equations</p>
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Georgia's K–12 Mathematics Standards

Aligned Components of *Eureka Math*²

<p>6.PAR.7.2</p> <p>Write one-step equations and inequalities to represent and solve problems; explain that a variable can represent an unknown number or any number in a specified set.</p>	<p>6 M4 Lesson 17: Equations and Solutions</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 18: Inequalities and Solutions</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 19: Solving Equations with Addition and Subtraction</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 20: Solving Equations with Multiplication and Division</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 21: Solving Problems with Equations</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 22: Relationship Between Two Variables</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 23: Graphs of Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 24: Graphs of Non-Ratio Relationships</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 25: The Statue of Liberty</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 7: Areas of Trapezoids and Other Polygons</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 12: From Nets to Surface Area</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 17: Problem Solving with Volume</p>
<p>6.PAR.7.3</p> <p>Solve problems by writing and solving equations of the form $x \pm p = q$, $px = q$, and $\frac{x}{p} = q$ for cases in which p, q, and x are all nonnegative rational numbers.</p>	<p>6 M4 Lesson 17: Equations and Solutions</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 18: Inequalities and Solutions</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 19: Solving Equations with Addition and Subtraction</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 20: Solving Equations with Multiplication and Division</p> <p>6 M4 Lesson 21: Solving Problems with Equations</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 2: The Area of a Right Triangle</p>
<p>6.PAR.7.4</p> <p>Recognize and generate inequalities of the form $x > c$, $x \geq c$, $x < c$, or $x \leq c$ to explain situations that have infinitely many solutions; represent solutions of such inequalities on a number line.</p>	<p>6 M4 Lesson 18: Inequalities and Solutions</p>

Patterning and Algebraic Reasoning

6.PAR.8 Graph rational numbers as points on the coordinate plane to represent and solve contextual, mathematical problems; draw polygons using the coordinates for their vertices and find the length of a side of a polygon.

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<p>6.PAR.8.1</p> <p>Locate and position rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line; find and position pairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane.</p>	<p>6 M3 Lesson 1: Positive and Negative Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 2: Integers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 3: Rational Numbers</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 4: Rational Numbers in Real-World Situations</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 10: The Four Quadrants of the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 11: Plotting Points in the Coordinate Plane</p>
<p>6.PAR.8.2</p> <p>Show and explain that signs of numbers in ordered pairs indicate locations in quadrants of the coordinate plane and determine how two ordered pairs may differ based only on the signs.</p>	<p>6 M3 Lesson 10: The Four Quadrants of the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 11: Plotting Points in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 12: Reflections in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 13: Constructing the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 14: Modeling with the Coordinate Plane</p>
<p>6.PAR.8.3</p> <p>Solve problems by graphing points in all four quadrants of the coordinate plane. Include use of coordinates and absolute value to find distances between points with the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate.</p>	<p>6 M3 Lesson 14: Modeling with the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 15: Distance in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 16: Figures in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M3 Lesson 17: Problem Solving with the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 5: Perimeter and Area in the Coordinate Plane</p>

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Aligned Components of *Eureka Math*²

<p>6.PAR.8.4</p> <p>Draw polygons in the coordinate plane given coordinates for the vertices; use coordinates to find the length of a side joining points with the same x-coordinate or the same y-coordinate.</p>	<p>6 M5 Lesson 5: Perimeter and Area in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 6: Problem Solving with Area in the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 7: Areas of Trapezoids and Other Polygons</p> <p>6 M5 Lesson 8: Areas of Composite Figures in Real-World Situations</p>
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