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## Grade 7–8 | Common Core State Standards for Mathematics (2010) Correlation to *Eureka Math*<sup>2</sup>® (2027)

*Eureka Math*<sup>2</sup> is a research-proven math curriculum that empowers teachers to center instructional techniques on student success. Teachers can foster more “aha!” learning moments by providing the support needed for all learners to build a more confident math mindset.

This *Eureka Math*<sup>2</sup> edition builds on a strong foundation of effective instruction. It provides teachers with guidance on delivering rigorous instruction that honors student choice and encourages confident problem-solving.

*Eureka Math*<sup>2</sup> carefully sequences mathematical content to maximize vertical alignment from kindergarten through high school. This kind of sequencing has proven to be essential in students’ mastery of math.

### Teachability

*Eureka Math*<sup>2</sup> employs streamlined materials that allow teachers to plan more efficiently and focus their energy on delivering high-quality instruction that meets the individual needs of their students. Differentiation suggestions, slide decks, digital interactives, and multiple forms of assessment are just a few of the resources built into the teacher materials.

### Accessibility

*Eureka Math*<sup>2</sup> incorporates Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles so all learners can access the mathematics and take on challenging math concepts. UDL, Differentiation, and Multilingual Learner supports are built into the instructional design and are clearly identified in the *Teach* book.

The curriculum also carries a focus on readability. By eliminating unnecessary words and using clear sentences, the *Eureka Math*<sup>2</sup> teacher-writers have created one of the most readable mathematics curricula on the market. The curriculum’s readability and accessibility help all students see themselves as mathematical thinkers and doers who are fully capable of owning their mathematics learning.

### Math Confidence

*Eureka Math*<sup>2</sup> fosters a classroom culture of learning by encouraging student-led discourse and cognitive engagement that results in confident learners. By leveraging consistent models, routines, and progressions, teachers can remove barriers and allow all students an avenue to success. Within the digital platform, each grade includes wordless videos and digital interactives that spark students’ curiosity and help them make conceptual connections. Using the *Learn* books, students wonder, explore, and make sense of mathematics, which helps them develop a strong, positive mathematical identity.

| Common Core State Standards for Mathematics                                             | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                     |
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| <p><b>MP.1</b><br/>Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</p>            | <p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p> |
| <p><b>MP.2</b><br/>Reason abstractly and quantitatively.</p>                            | <p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p> |
| <p><b>MP.3</b><br/>Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.</p> | <p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p> |
| <p><b>MP.4</b><br/>Model with mathematics.</p>                                          | <p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p> |
| <p><b>MP.5</b><br/>Use appropriate tools strategically.</p>                             | <p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p> |
| <p><b>MP.6</b><br/>Attend to precision.</p>                                             | <p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p> |
| <p><b>MP.7</b><br/>Look for and make use of structure.</p>                              | <p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p> |
| <p><b>MP.8</b><br/>Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.</p>           | <p>Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.</p> |

## Ratios and Proportional Relationships

7.RP.A Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
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| <p><b>7.RP.A.1</b></p> <p>Compute unit rates associated with ratios of fractions, including ratios of lengths, areas and other quantities measured in like or different units.</p>                                                                           | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 12: An Experiment with Ratios and Rates</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 13: Exploring Tables of Proportional Relationships</p>                                                                                                                                      |
| <p><b>7.RP.A.2</b></p> <p>Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities.</p>                                                                                                                                                         | <p><i>This standard is fully addressed by the lessons aligned to its subsections.</i></p>                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <p><b>7.RP.A.2.a</b></p> <p>Decide whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship, e.g., by testing for equivalent ratios in a table or graphing on a coordinate plane and observing whether the graph is a straight line through the origin.</p> | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 12: An Experiment with Ratios and Rates</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 13: Exploring Tables of Proportional Relationships</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 14: Exploring Graphs of Proportional Relationships</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 19: Proportional Reasoning and Percents</p> |
| <p><b>7.RP.A.2.b</b></p> <p>Identify the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, graphs, equations, diagrams, and verbal descriptions of proportional relationships.</p>                                                                          | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 14: Exploring Graphs of Proportional Relationships</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 15: Relating Representations of Proportional Relationships</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 16: Applying Proportional Reasoning</p>                                                          |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
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| <p><b>7.RP.A.2.c</b></p> <p>Represent proportional relationships by equations.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 13: Exploring Tables of Proportional Relationships</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 15: Relating Representations of Proportional Relationships</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 16: Applying Proportional Reasoning</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 17: Using Proportional Reasoning to Solve Multi-Step Problems</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 18: Handstand Sprint</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 19: Proportional Reasoning and Percents</p>                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p><b>7.RP.A.2.d</b></p> <p>Explain what a point <math>(x, y)</math> on the graph of a proportional relationship means in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points <math>(0, 0)</math> and <math>(1, r)</math> where <math>r</math> is the unit rate.</p> | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 14: Exploring Graphs of Proportional Relationships</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 15: Relating Representations of Proportional Relationships</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <p><b>7.RP.A.3</b></p> <p>Use proportional relationships to solve multi-step ratio and percent problems.</p>                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 16: Applying Proportional Reasoning</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 17: Using Proportional Reasoning to Solve Multi-Step Problems</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 18: Handstand Sprint</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 19: Proportional Reasoning and Percents</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 20: Commissions, Fees, and Taxes</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 21: Discount, Markup, Sales Tax, and Tip</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 22: Percent Increase and Percent Decrease</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 23: What Is the Best Deal?</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 24: Simple Interest</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 25: Applying Percent Error</p> |

## The Number System

**7.NS.A Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers.**

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                     |
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| <p><b>7.NS.A.1</b></p> <p>Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram.</p>                                                                                                                                                               | <p><i>This standard is fully addressed by the lessons aligned to its subsections.</i></p> |
| <p><b>7.NS.A.1.a</b></p> <p>Describe situations in which opposite quantities combine to make 0.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 1: Adding Integers and Rational Numbers</p>                              |
| <p><b>7.NS.A.1.b</b></p> <p>Understand <math>p + q</math> as the number located a distance <math> q </math> from <math>p</math>, in the positive or negative direction depending on whether <math>q</math> is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.</p> | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 1: Adding Integers and Rational Numbers</p>                              |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
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| <p><b>7.NS.A.1.c</b></p> <p>Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, <math>p - q = p + (-q)</math>. Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.</p> | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 3: Finding Distances to Find Differences</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 4: Subtracting Integers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 5: Subtracting Rational Numbers</p>                                                                                                                                |
| <p><b>7.NS.A.1.d</b></p> <p>Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract rational numbers.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 1: Adding Integers and Rational Numbers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 2: KAKOOMA<sup>®</sup> with Rational Numbers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 3: Finding Distances to Find Differences</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 4: Subtracting Integers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 5: Subtracting Rational Numbers</p> |
| <p><b>7.NS.A.2</b></p> <p>Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers.</p>                                                                                                                                              | <p><i>This standard is fully addressed by the lessons aligned to its subsections.</i></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
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| <p><b>7.NS.A.2.a</b></p> <p>Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as <math>(-1)(-1) = 1</math> and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.</p> | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 6: Multiplying Integers and Rational Numbers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 7: Exponential Expressions and Relating Multiplication to Division</p>                                                                                                                               |
| <p><b>7.NS.A.2.b</b></p> <p>Understand that integers can be divided, provided that the divisor is not zero, and every quotient of integers (with non-zero divisor) is a rational number. If <math>p</math> and <math>q</math> are integers, then <math>-\left(\frac{p}{q}\right) = \frac{-p}{q} = \frac{p}{-q}</math>. Interpret quotients of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.</p>              | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 8: Dividing Integers and Rational Numbers</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <p><b>7.NS.A.2.c</b></p> <p>Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide rational numbers.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 6: Multiplying Integers and Rational Numbers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 7: Exponential Expressions and Relating Multiplication to Division</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 8: Dividing Integers and Rational Numbers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 9: Decimal Expansions of Rational Numbers</p> |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                         | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
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| <p><b>7.NS.A.2.d</b></p> <p>Convert a rational number to a decimal using long division; know that the decimal form of a rational number terminates in 0s or eventually repeats.</p> | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 9: Decimal Expansions of Rational Numbers</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <p><b>7.NS.A.3</b></p> <p>Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers.</p>                                                       | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 1: Adding Integers and Rational Numbers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 3: Finding Distances to Find Differences</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 4: Subtracting Integers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 5: Subtracting Rational Numbers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 6: Multiplying Integers and Rational Numbers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 8: Dividing Integers and Rational Numbers</p> |

## The Number System

**8.NS.A Know that there are numbers that are not rational, and approximate them by rational numbers.**

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
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| <p><b>8.NS.A.1</b></p> <p>Know that numbers that are not rational are called irrational. Understand informally that every number has a decimal expansion; for rational numbers show that the decimal expansion repeats eventually, and convert a decimal expansion which repeats eventually into a rational number.</p> | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 20: Using the Pythagorean Theorem</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 22: Rational and Irrational Numbers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 23: Revisiting Equations with Squares and Cubes</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 6: Expressing Repeating Decimals as Fractions</p> |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                           |
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| <p><b>8.NS.A.2</b></p> <p>Use rational approximations of irrational numbers to compare the size of irrational numbers, locate them approximately on a number line diagram, and estimate the value of expressions (e.g., <math>\pi^2</math>).</p> | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 21: Approximating Values of Roots</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 22: Rational and Irrational Numbers</p> |

## Expressions and Equations

### 7.EE.A Use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                           | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                |
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| <p><b>7.EE.A.1</b></p> <p>Apply properties of operations as strategies to add, subtract, factor, and expand linear expressions with rational coefficients.</p>                        | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 2: Using Equivalent Expressions to Solve Equations</p>                                                                                                                              |
| <p><b>7.EE.A.2</b></p> <p>Understand that rewriting an expression in different forms in a problem context can shed light on the problem and how the quantities in it are related.</p> | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 2: Using Equivalent Expressions to Solve Equations</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 21: Discount, Markup, Sales Tax, and Tip</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 22: Percent Increase and Percent Decrease</p> |

## Expressions and Equations

### 7.EE.B Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
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| <p><b>7.EE.B.3</b></p> <p>Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.</p> | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 11: Using Linear Equations to Solve Real-World Problems</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 17: Using Proportional Reasoning to Solve Multi-Step Problems</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 18: Handstand Sprint</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 23: What Is the Best Deal?</p> |
| <p><b>7.EE.B.4</b></p> <p>Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations and inequalities to solve problems by reasoning about the quantities.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 3: Solving Equations</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 4: Using Equations to Solve Inequalities</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 5: Solving Problems Involving Equations and Inequalities</p>                                                                     |
| <p><b>7.EE.B.4.a</b></p> <p>Solve word problems leading to equations of the form <math>px + q = r</math> and <math>p(x + q) = r</math>, where <math>p</math>, <math>q</math>, and <math>r</math> are specific rational numbers. Solve equations of these forms fluently. Compare an algebraic solution to an arithmetic solution, identifying the sequence of the operations used in each approach.</p>                        | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 1: Finding Unknown Angle Measures</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 3: Solving Equations</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 5: Solving Problems Involving Equations and Inequalities</p>                                                                            |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                       |
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| <p><b>7.EE.B.4.b</b></p> <p>Solve word problems leading to inequalities of the form <math>px + q &gt; r</math> or <math>px + q &lt; r</math>, where <math>p</math>, <math>q</math>, and <math>r</math> are specific rational numbers. Graph the solution set of the inequality and interpret it in the context of the problem.</p> | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 4: Using Equations to Solve Inequalities</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 5: Solving Problems Involving Equations and Inequalities</p> |

## Expressions and Equations

### 8.EE.A Work with radicals and integer exponents.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
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| <p><b>8.EE.A.1</b></p> <p>Know and apply the properties of integer exponents to generate equivalent numerical expressions.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 11: Products of Exponential Expressions with Positive Whole-Number Exponents</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 12: More Properties of Exponents</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 13: Making Sense of Integer Exponents</p>                                                                                    |
| <p><b>8.EE.A.2</b></p> <p>Use square root and cube root symbols to represent solutions to equations of the form <math>x^2 = p</math> and <math>x^3 = p</math>, where <math>p</math> is a positive rational number. Evaluate square roots of small perfect squares and cube roots of small perfect cubes. Know that <math>\sqrt{2}</math> is irrational.</p> | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 18: Solving Equations with Squares and Cubes</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 19: The Pythagorean Theorem</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 20: Using the Pythagorean Theorem</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 21: Approximating Values of Roots</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 23: Revisiting Equations with Squares and Cubes</p> |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
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| <p><b>8.EE.A.3</b></p> <p>Use numbers expressed in the form of a single digit times an integer power of 10 to estimate very large or very small quantities, and to express how many times as much one is than the other.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 10: Large and Small Positive Numbers</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 14: Writing Very Large and Very Small Numbers in Scientific Notation</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 15: Operations with Numbers Written in Scientific Notation</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 16: Applications with Numbers Written in Scientific Notation</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 17: Get to the Point</p> |
| <p><b>8.EE.A.4</b></p> <p>Perform operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation, including problems where both decimal and scientific notation are used. Use scientific notation and choose units of appropriate size for measurements of very large or very small quantities (e.g., use millimeters per year for seafloor spreading). Interpret scientific notation that has been generated by technology.</p> | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 15: Operations with Numbers Written in Scientific Notation</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 16: Applications with Numbers Written in Scientific Notation</p> <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 17: Get to the Point</p>                                                                                                                                                     |

## Expressions and Equations

### 8.EE.B Understand the connections between proportional relationships, lines, and linear equations.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                           | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                     |
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| <p><b>8.EE.B.5</b></p> <p>Graph proportional relationships, interpreting the unit rate as the slope of the graph. Compare two different proportional relationships represented in different ways.</p> | <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 4: Comparing Proportional Relationships</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 5: Proportional Relationships and Slope</p> |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
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| <p><b>8.EE.B.6</b></p> <p>Use similar triangles to explain why the slope <math>m</math> is the same between any two distinct points on a non-vertical line in the coordinate plane; derive the equation <math>y = mx</math> for a line through the origin and the equation <math>y = mx + b</math> for a line intercepting the vertical axis at <math>b</math>.</p> | <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 5: Proportional Relationships and Slope</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 6: Slopes of Rising Lines and Falling Lines</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 7: Using Coordinates to Find Slope</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 8: Slope-Intercept Form of the Equation of a Line</p> |

### Expressions and Equations

#### 8.EE.C Analyze and solve linear equations and pairs of simultaneous linear equations.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                   |
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| <p><b>8.EE.C.7</b></p> <p>Solve linear equations in one variable.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p><i>This standard is fully addressed by the lessons aligned to its subsections.</i></p>                                                                                                               |
| <p><b>8.EE.C.7.a</b></p> <p>Give examples of linear equations in one variable with one solution, infinitely many solutions, or no solutions. Show which of these possibilities is the case by successively transforming the given equation into simpler forms, until an equivalent equation of the form <math>x = a</math>, <math>a = a</math>, or <math>a = b</math> results (where <math>a</math> and <math>b</math> are different numbers).</p> | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 8: Solving Equations with Rational Coefficients</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 9: Linear Equations with More Than One Solution</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 10: Another Possible Number of Solutions</p> |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
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| <p><b>8.EE.C.7.b</b></p> <p>Solve linear equations with rational number coefficients, including equations whose solutions require expanding expressions using the distributive property and collecting like terms.</p>                     | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 6: Expressing Repeating Decimals as Fractions</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 7: Solving Multi-Step Equations</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 8: Solving Equations with Rational Coefficients</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 9: Linear Equations with More Than One Solution</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 10: Another Possible Number of Solutions</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 11: Using Linear Equations to Solve Real-World Problems</p> |
| <p><b>8.EE.C.8</b></p> <p>Analyze and solve pairs of simultaneous linear equations.</p>                                                                                                                                                    | <p><i>This standard is fully addressed by the lessons aligned to its subsections.</i></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <p><b>8.EE.C.8.a</b></p> <p>Understand that solutions to a system of two linear equations in two variables correspond to points of intersection of their graphs, because points of intersection satisfy both equations simultaneously.</p> | <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 11: Introduction to Systems of Linear Equations</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 12: Identifying Solutions</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 13: More Than One Solution</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 16: Choosing a Solution Method</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 19: Back to the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 20: Modeling a Real-World Problem</p>                                                                         |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                               | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
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| <p><b>8.EE.C.8.b</b></p> <p>Solve systems of two linear equations in two variables algebraically, and estimate solutions by graphing the equations. Solve simple cases by inspection.</p> | <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 11: Introduction to Systems of Linear Equations</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 12: Identifying Solutions</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 13: More Than One Solution</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 14: Solving Systems of Linear Equations Without Graphing</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 15: The Substitution Method</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 16: Choosing a Solution Method</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 17: Writing and Solving Systems of Equations for Mathematical Problems</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 18: Writing and Solving Systems of Equations for Real-World Problems</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 19: Back to the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 20: Modeling a Real-World Problem</p> |
| <p><b>8.EE.C.8.c</b></p> <p>Solve real-world and mathematical problems leading to two linear equations in two variables.</p>                                                              | <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 17: Writing and Solving Systems of Equations for Mathematical Problems</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 18: Writing and Solving Systems of Equations for Real-World Problems</p> <p>7–8 M4 Lesson 20: Modeling a Real-World Problem</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Geometry

### 7.G.A Draw, construct, and describe geometrical figures and describe the relationships between them.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                        | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
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| <p><b>7.G.A.1</b></p> <p>Solve problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures, including computing actual lengths and areas from a scale drawing and reproducing a scale drawing at a different scale.</p> | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 18: Scale Drawings</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 19: Finding Actual Distances from a Scale Drawing</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 20: Scale and Scale Factor</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 21: Modeling with Scale Drawings</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 22: Dilations</p> |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                              |
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| <p><b>7.G.A.2</b></p> <p>Draw (freehand, with ruler and protractor, and with technology) geometric shapes with given conditions. Focus on constructing triangles from three measures of angles or sides, noticing when the conditions determine a unique triangle, more than one triangle, or no triangle.</p> | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 1: Sketching and Constructing Geometric Figures</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 2: Conditions of Unique Triangles</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 3: Exploring and Constructing Circles</p>             |
| <p><b>7.G.A.3</b></p> <p>Describe the two-dimensional figures that result from slicing three-dimensional figures, as in plane sections of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids.</p>                                                                                                         | <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 13: Understanding Planes and Cross Sections</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 14: Cross Section Scavenger Hunt</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 15: Proportionality and Scale Factor of Cross Sections</p> |

## Geometry

### 7.G.B Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                            |
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| <p><b>7.G.B.4</b></p> <p>Know the formulas for the area and circumference of a circle and use them to solve problems; give an informal derivation of the relationship between the circumference and area of a circle.</p>       | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 3: Exploring and Constructing Circles</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 4: Area and Circumference of a Circle</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 5: Area and Circumference of Circular Regions</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 6: Watering a Lawn</p> |
| <p><b>7.G.B.5</b></p> <p>Use facts about supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent angles in a multi-step problem to write and solve simple equations for an unknown angle in a figure.</p>                          | <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 1: Finding Unknown Angle Measures</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 2: Using Equivalent Expressions to Solve Equations</p> <p>7–8 M2 Lesson 7: Solving Multi-Step Equations</p>                                              |
| <p><b>7.G.B.6</b></p> <p>Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, volume and surface area of two- and three-dimensional objects composed of triangles, quadrilaterals, polygons, cubes, and right prisms.</p> | <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 11: Surface Areas of Prisms and Pyramids</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 16: Volume of Prisms</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 18: Designing a Fish Tank</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 21: Volume of Composite Solids</p>                       |

## Geometry

### 8.G.A Understand congruence and similarity using physical models, transparencies, or geometry software.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                  | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                    |
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| <p><b>8.G.A.1</b><br/>Verify experimentally the properties of rotations, reflections, and translations:</p>  | <p><i>This standard is fully addressed by the lessons aligned to its subsections.</i></p>                                                                                                                                |
| <p><b>8.G.A.1.a</b><br/>Lines are taken to lines, and line segments to line segments of the same length.</p> | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 7: Motions of the Plane<br/>7–8 M3 Lesson 8: Translations, Reflections, and Rotations<br/>7–8 M3 Lesson 9: Rigid Motions on the Coordinate Plane<br/>7–8 M3 Lesson 10: Sequencing the Rigid Motions</p> |
| <p><b>8.G.A.1.b</b><br/>Angles are taken to angles of the same measure.</p>                                  | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 7: Motions of the Plane<br/>7–8 M3 Lesson 8: Translations, Reflections, and Rotations<br/>7–8 M3 Lesson 9: Rigid Motions on the Coordinate Plane<br/>7–8 M3 Lesson 10: Sequencing the Rigid Motions</p> |
| <p><b>8.G.A.1.c</b><br/>Parallel lines are taken to parallel lines.</p>                                      | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 7: Motions of the Plane<br/>7–8 M3 Lesson 8: Translations, Reflections, and Rotations<br/>7–8 M3 Lesson 9: Rigid Motions on the Coordinate Plane<br/>7–8 M3 Lesson 10: Sequencing the Rigid Motions</p> |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
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| <p><b>8.G.A.2</b></p> <p>Understand that a two-dimensional figure is congruent to another if the second can be obtained from the first by a sequence of rotations, reflections, and translations; given two congruent figures, describe a sequence that exhibits the congruence between them.</p>                        | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 10: Sequencing the Rigid Motions</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 11: Showing Figures Are Congruent</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 12: Lines Cut by a Transversal</p>                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p><b>8.G.A.3</b></p> <p>Describe the effect of dilations, translations, rotations, and reflections on two-dimensional figures using coordinates.</p>                                                                                                                                                                    | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 9: Rigid Motions on the Coordinate Plane</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 22: Dilations</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 23: Using Lined Paper to Explore Dilations</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 24: Figures and Dilations</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 25: The Shadowy Hand</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 26: Dilations on the Coordinate Plane</p> |
| <p><b>8.G.A.4</b></p> <p>Understand that a two-dimensional figure is similar to another if the second can be obtained from the first by a sequence of rotations, reflections, translations, and dilations; given two similar two-dimensional figures, describe a sequence that exhibits the similarity between them.</p> | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 27: Similar Figures</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 28: Exploring Angles in Similar Triangles</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
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| <p><b>8.G.A.5</b></p> <p>Use informal arguments to establish facts about the angle sum and exterior angle of triangles, about the angles created when parallel lines are cut by a transversal, and the angle-angle criterion for similarity of triangles.</p> | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 12: Lines Cut by a Transversal</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 13: Angle Sum of a Triangle</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 14: Exterior Angles of Triangles</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 28: Exploring Angles in Similar Triangles</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 29: Using Similar Figures to Find Unknown Side Lengths</p> |

## Geometry

### 8.G.B Understand and apply the Pythagorean Theorem.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                          | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
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| <p><b>8.G.B.6</b></p> <p>Explain a proof of the Pythagorean Theorem and its converse.</p>                                                                                            | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 15: Proving the Pythagorean Theorem</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 16: Proving the Converse of the Pythagorean Theorem</p>                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <p><b>8.G.B.7</b></p> <p>Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to determine unknown side lengths in right triangles in real-world and mathematical problems in two and three dimensions.</p> | <p>7–8 M1 Lesson 19: The Pythagorean Theorem</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 16: Proving the Converse of the Pythagorean Theorem</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 17: Applications of the Pythagorean Theorem</p> <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 29: Using Similar Figures to Find Unknown Side Lengths</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 19: Volumes of Pyramids and Cones</p> |
| <p><b>8.G.B.8</b></p> <p>Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to find the distance between two points in a coordinate system.</p>                                                           | <p>7–8 M3 Lesson 17: Applications of the Pythagorean Theorem</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Geometry

### 8.G.C Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                 | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
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| <p><b>8.G.C.9</b></p> <p>Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.</p> | <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 16: Volume of Prisms</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 17: Volume of Cylinders</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 18: Designing a Fish Tank</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 19: Volumes of Pyramids and Cones</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 20: Volume of Spheres</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 21: Volume of Composite Solids</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 22: Volumes of Truncated Cones and Pyramids</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 23: Applications of Volume</p> |

## Statistics and Probability

### 7.SP.A Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                        |
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| <p><b>7.SP.A.1</b></p> <p>Understand that statistics can be used to gain information about a population by examining a sample of the population; generalizations about a population from a sample are valid only if the sample is representative of that population. Understand that random sampling tends to produce representative samples and support valid inferences.</p> | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 10: Populations and Samples</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 11: Selecting a Sample</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 12: Sampling Variability When Estimating a Population Mean</p> |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                             |
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| <p><b>7.SP.A.2</b></p> <p>Use data from a random sample to draw inferences about a population with an unknown characteristic of interest. Generate multiple samples (or simulated samples) of the same size to gauge the variation in estimates or predictions.</p> | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 12: Sampling Variability When Estimating a Population Mean</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 13: Sampling Variability and the Effect of Sample Size</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 14: Sampling Variability When Estimating a Population Proportion</p> |

## Statistics and Probability

### 7.SP.B Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                     |
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| <p><b>7.SP.B.3</b></p> <p>Informally assess the degree of visual overlap of two numerical data distributions with similar variabilities, measuring the difference between the centers by expressing it as a multiple of a measure of variability.</p> | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 15: Comparing Sample Means</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 16: Comparing Population Means</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 17: Memory Games</p> |
| <p><b>7.SP.B.4</b></p> <p>Use measures of center and measures of variability for numerical data from random samples to draw informal comparative inferences about two populations.</p>                                                                | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 15: Comparing Sample Means</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 16: Comparing Population Means</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 17: Memory Games</p> |

## Statistics and Probability

### 7.SP.C Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                 |
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| <p><b>7.SP.C.5</b></p> <p>Understand that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that expresses the likelihood of the event occurring. Larger numbers indicate greater likelihood. A probability near 0 indicates an unlikely event, a probability around <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> indicates an event that is neither unlikely nor likely, and a probability near 1 indicates a likely event.</p> | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 1: What Is Probability?</p>                                                                                                                                                          |
| <p><b>7.SP.C.6</b></p> <p>Approximate the probability of a chance event by collecting data on the chance process that produces it and observing its long-run relative frequency, and predict the approximate relative frequency given the probability.</p>                                                                                                                                                               | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 1: What Is Probability?</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 2: Outcomes of Chance Experiments</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 5: Outcomes That Are Not Equally Likely</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 7: Picking Blue</p> |
| <p><b>7.SP.C.7</b></p> <p>Develop a probability model and use it to find probabilities of events. Compare probabilities from a model to observed frequencies; if the agreement is not good, explain possible sources of the discrepancy.</p>                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 6: The Law of Large Numbers</p>                                                                                                                                                      |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                            |
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| <p><b>7.SP.C.7.a</b></p> <p>Develop a uniform probability model by assigning equal probability to all outcomes, and use the model to determine probabilities of events.</p>                                                                                                                 | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 3: Theoretical Probability</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 6: The Law of Large Numbers</p> |
| <p><b>7.SP.C.7.b</b></p> <p>Develop a probability model (which may not be uniform) by observing frequencies in data generated from a chance process.</p>                                                                                                                                    | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 6: The Law of Large Numbers</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 7: Picking Blue</p>            |
| <p><b>7.SP.C.8</b></p> <p>Find probabilities of compound events using organized lists, tables, tree diagrams, and simulation.</p>                                                                                                                                                           | <p><i>This standard is fully addressed by the lessons aligned to its subsections.</i></p>        |
| <p><b>7.SP.C.8.a</b></p> <p>Understand that, just as with simple events, the probability of a compound event is the fraction of outcomes in the sample space for which the compound event occurs.</p>                                                                                       | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 4: Multistage Experiments</p>                                                   |
| <p><b>7.SP.C.8.b</b></p> <p>Represent sample spaces for compound events using methods such as organized lists, tables and tree diagrams. For an event described in everyday language (e.g., “rolling double sixes”), identify the outcomes in the sample space which compose the event.</p> | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 4: Multistage Experiments</p>                                                   |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                              | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                         |
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| <p><b>7.SP.C.8.c</b></p> <p>Design and use a simulation to generate frequencies for compound events.</p> | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 8: Probability Simulations</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 9: Simulations with Random Number Tables</p> |

**Statistics and Probability**

**8.SP.A Investigate patterns of association in bivariate data.**

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                             |
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| <p><b>8.SP.A.1</b></p> <p>Construct and interpret scatter plots for bivariate measurement data to investigate patterns of association between two quantities. Describe patterns such as clustering, outliers, positive or negative association, linear association, and nonlinear association.</p>                  | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 18: Scatter Plots</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 19: Patterns in Scatter Plots</p>         |
| <p><b>8.SP.A.2</b></p> <p>Know that straight lines are widely used to model relationships between two quantitative variables. For scatter plots that suggest a linear association, informally fit a straight line, and informally assess the model fit by judging the closeness of the data points to the line.</p> | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 20: Informally Fitting a Line to Data</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 21: Linear Models</p> |

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                |
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| <p><b>8.SP.A.3</b></p> <p>Use the equation of a linear model to solve problems in the context of bivariate measurement data, interpreting the slope and intercept.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 20: Informally Fitting a Line to Data</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 21: Linear Models</p>                                                                                    |
| <p><b>8.SP.A.4</b></p> <p>Understand that patterns of association can also be seen in bivariate categorical data by displaying frequencies and relative frequencies in a two-way table. Construct and interpret a two-way table summarizing data on two categorical variables collected from the same subjects. Use relative frequencies calculated for rows or columns to describe possible association between the two variables.</p> | <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 22: Bivariate Categorical Data</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 23: Association in Bivariate Categorical Data</p> <p>7–8 M6 Lesson 24: Analyzing Bivariate Categorical Data</p> |

## Functions

### 8.F.A Define, evaluate, and compare functions.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                               | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                                                  |
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| <p><b>8.F.A.1</b></p> <p>Understand that a function is a rule that assigns to each input exactly one output. The graph of a function is the set of ordered pairs consisting of an input and the corresponding output.</p> | <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 1: Motion and Speed</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 2: Definition of a Function</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 4: More Examples of Functions</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 5: Graphs of Functions and Equations</p> |
| <p><b>8.F.A.2</b></p> <p>Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way (algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions).</p>                                      | <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 7: Interpreting Rate of Change and Initial Value</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 8: Comparing Functions</p>                                                                                      |
| <p><b>8.F.A.3</b></p> <p>Interpret the equation <math>y = mx + b</math> as defining a linear function, whose graph is a straight line; give examples of functions that are not linear.</p>                                | <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 3: Linear Functions and Proportionality</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 6: Linear Functions and Rate of Change</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 10: Graphs of Nonlinear Functions</p>                        |

## Functions

### 8.F.B Use functions to model relationships between quantities.

| Common Core State Standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Aligned Components of <i>Eureka Math</i> <sup>2</sup>                                                                                                                             |
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| <p><b>8.F.B.4</b></p> <p>Construct a function to model a linear relationship between two quantities. Determine the rate of change and initial value of the function from a description of a relationship or from two <math>(x, y)</math> values, including reading these from a table or from a graph. Interpret the rate of change and initial value of a linear function in terms of the situation it models, and in terms of its graph or a table of values.</p> | <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 6: Linear Functions and Rate of Change</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 7: Interpreting Rate of Change and Initial Value</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 23: Applications of Volume</p> |
| <p><b>8.F.B.5</b></p> <p>Describe qualitatively the functional relationship between two quantities by analyzing a graph (e.g., where the function is increasing or decreasing, linear or nonlinear). Sketch a graph that exhibits the qualitative features of a function that has been described verbally.</p>                                                                                                                                                      | <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 9: Increasing and Decreasing Functions</p> <p>7–8 M5 Lesson 10: Graphs of Nonlinear Functions</p>                                                                |