



Grade K | Missouri Mathematics Learning Standards Correlation to Eureka Math^{2™}

When the original *Eureka Math*® curriculum was released, it quickly became the most widely used K-5 mathematics curriculum in the country. Now, the Great Minds® teacher-writers have created *Eureka Math*^{2™}, a groundbreaking new curriculum that helps teachers deliver exponentially better math instruction while still providing students with the same deep understanding of and fluency in math. *Eureka Math*² carefully sequences mathematical content to maximize vertical alignment—a principle tested and proven to be essential in students' mastery of math—from kindergarten through high school.

While this innovative new curriculum includes all the trademark Eureka Math aha moments that have been delighting students and teachers for years, it also boasts these exciting new features:

Teachability

Eureka Math² employs streamlined materials that allow teachers to plan more efficiently and focus their energy on delivering high-quality instruction that meets the individual needs of their students. Differentiation suggestions, slide decks, digital interactives, and multiple forms of assessment are just a few of the resources built right into the teacher materials.

Accessibility

Eureka Math² incorporates Universal Design for Learning principles so all learners can access the mathematics and take on challenging math concepts. Student supports are built into the instructional design and are clearly identified in the Teach book. Further, the curriculum carries a focus on readability. By eliminating unnecessary words and using simple, clear sentences, the Eureka Math² teacher-writers have created one of the most readable mathematics curricula on the market. The curriculum's readability and accessibility help all students see themselves as mathematical thinkers and doers who are fully capable of owning their mathematics learning.

Digital Engagement

The digital elements of *Eureka Math*² add to students' engagement with the math. The curriculum provides teachers with digital slides for each lesson. In addition, each grade level includes wordless videos that spark students' interest and curiosity. Students at all levels work through mathematical explorations that help lead to their own mathematical discoveries. Digital lessons and videos provide opportunities for students to wonder, explore, and make sense of mathematics, which contributes to the development of a strong, positive mathematical identity.

Standards for Mathematical Practice

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson. Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.	
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Number Sense

K.NS.A Know the number names and the count sequence.

Missouri Mathematics Learning Standards

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.NS.A.1

Count to 100 by ones and tens.

K M1 Lesson 4: Classify objects into three categories and count.

K M1 Lesson 6: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M1 Lesson 12: Write numerals 4 and 5 to answer how many questions.

K M1 Lesson 19: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M1 Lesson 26: Write numeral 8.

K M1 Lesson 28: Order numerals 1-10 and reason about an unknown number in the number sequence.

K M1 Lesson 33: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M2 Lesson 16: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M3 Lesson 22: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M4 Lesson 17: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M5 Lesson 27: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M6 Lesson 2: Find 10 ones in a teen number.

K M6 Lesson 5: Reason about a number's position in the number sequence.

K M6 Lesson 13: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M6 Lesson 14: Count by tens.

K M6 Lesson 15: Count by tens by using math tools.

K M6 Lesson 16: Use the structure of ten to count to 100.

K M6 Lesson 17: Use patterns in the number sequence to count by ones within 100.

K M6 Lesson 18: Count within and across decades when counting by ones, part 1.

K M6 Lesson 19: Count within and across decades when counting by ones, part 2.

K M6 Lesson 24: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.NS.A.2	K M2 Lesson 16: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
Count forward beginning from a given	K M3 Lesson 22: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
number between 1 and 20.	K M4 Lesson 17: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
	K M5 Lesson 18: Count starting from a number other than 1 to find the total.			
	K M5 Lesson 22: Identify and extend linear patterns.			
	K M5 Lesson 23: Use a pattern to make a prediction.			
	K M5 Lesson 27: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
	K M6 Lesson 5: Reason about a number's position in the number sequence.			
	K M6 Lesson 13: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
	K M6 Lesson 16: Use the structure of ten to count to 100.			
	K M6 Lesson 17: Use patterns in the number sequence to count by ones within $100.$			
	K M6 Lesson 18: Count within and across decades when counting by ones, part 1.			
	K M6 Lesson 19: Count within and across decades when counting by ones, part 2.			
	K M6 Lesson 24: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
K.NS.A.3	K M1 Lesson 31: Model the pattern of 1 less in the backward count sequence.			
Count backward from a given number between 10 and 1.	K M1 Lesson 32: Build number stairs to show the pattern of 1 less in the backward count sequence.			
K.NS.A.4	K M1 Lesson 5: Classify objects into three categories, count, and match to a numeral.			
Read and write numerals and represent	K M1 Lesson 7: Practice counting accurately.			
a number of objects from 0 to 20.	K M1 Lesson 11: Write numerals 1–3 to answer <i>how many</i> questions.			
	K M1 Lesson 12: Write numerals 4 and 5 to answer how many questions.			
	K M1 Lesson 14: Understand the meaning of zero and write the numeral.			
	K M1 Lesson 21: Count sets in circular configurations and match to a numeral.			

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

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K M1 Lesson 22: Count sets in scattered configurations and match to a numeral.

K M1 Lesson 25: Write numerals 6 and 7.

K M1 Lesson 26: Write numeral 8.

K M1 Lesson 27: Write numerals 9 and 10.

K M2 Lesson 16: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M3 Lesson 22: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M4 Lesson 17: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M5 Lesson 27: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M6 Lesson 3: Write numerals 11-20.

K M6 Lesson 13: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M6 Lesson 17: Use patterns in the number sequence to count by ones within 100.

K M6 Lesson 24: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

Number Sense

K.NS.B Understand the relationship between numbers and quantities; connect counting to cardinality.

Missouri Mathematics Learning Standards

Aligned Components of *Eureka Math*²

K.NS.B.5

Say the number names when counting objects, in the standard order, pairing each object with one and only one number name and each number name with one and only one object.

K M1 Lesson 6: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M1 Lesson 7: Practice counting accurately.

K M1 Lesson 13: Count out enough objects and write the numeral.

K M1 Lesson 19: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M1 Lesson 33: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M2 Lesson 16: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.NS.B.5 continued	K M3 Lesson 22: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M4 Lesson 17: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M5 Lesson 27: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M6 Lesson 13: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M6 Lesson 24: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects
K.NS.B.6	K M1 Lesson 6: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
Demonstrate that the last number name	K M1 Lesson 7: Practice counting accurately.
said tells the number of objects counted	K M1 Lesson 9: Conserve number regardless of the arrangement of objects.
and the number of objects is the same regardless of their arrangement or the	K M1 Lesson 13: Count out enough objects and write the numeral.
order in which they were counted.	K M1 Lesson 19: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M1 Lesson 20: Count objects in 5-group and array configurations and match to a numeral.
	K M1 Lesson 23: Conserve number regardless of the order in which objects are counted.
	K M1 Lesson 33: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M2 Lesson 16: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M3 Lesson 22: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M4 Lesson 17: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M5 Lesson 27: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M6 Lesson 13: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M6 Lesson 24: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.NS.B.7

Demonstrate that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger than the previous number. K M1 Lesson 29: Model the pattern of 1 more in the forward count sequence.

K M1 Lesson 30: Build number stairs to show the pattern of 1 more in the forward count sequence.

K M1 Lesson 31: Model the pattern of 1 less in the backward count sequence.

K M1 Lesson 32: Build number stairs to show the pattern of 1 less in the backward count sequence.

K M2 Lesson 16: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M3 Lesson 22: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M4 Lesson 17: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M5 Lesson 27: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M6 Lesson 4: Order numerals 0-20.

K M6 Lesson 13: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M6 Lesson 24: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K.NS.B.8

Recognize, without counting, the quantity of groups up to 5 objects arranged in common patterns.

K M1 Lesson 3: Classify objects into two categories and count.

K M1 Lesson 6: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M1 Lesson 7: Practice counting accurately.

K M1 Lesson 8: Count sets in linear, array, and scattered configurations.

K M1 Lesson 10: Count out a group of objects to match a numeral.

K M1 Lesson 19: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M1 Lesson 20: Count objects in 5-group and array configurations and match to a numeral.

K M1 Lesson 21: Count sets in circular configurations and match to a numeral.

K M1 Lesson 22: Count sets in scattered configurations and match to a numeral.

K M1 Lesson 24: Count out a group of objects to match a numeral.

K M1 Lesson 33: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

K M2 Lesson 16: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.NS.B.8 continued	K M3 Lesson 22: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
	K M4 Lesson 17: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
	K M5 Lesson 27: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
	K M6 Lesson 1: Describe teen numbers as 10 ones and $__$ ones.			
	K M6 Lesson 6: Count out a group of objects to match a numeral.			
	K M6 Lesson 7: Decompose numbers $10-20$ with 10 as a part.			
	K M6 Lesson 12: Investigate different ways to decompose teen numbers.			
	K M6 Lesson 13: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
	K M6 Lesson 24: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
K.NS.B.9	K M1 Lesson 3: Classify objects into two categories and count.			
Demonstrate that a number can be used	K M1 Lesson 6: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
to represent "how many" are in a set.	K M1 Lesson 7: Practice counting accurately.			
	K M1 Lesson 8: Count sets in linear, array, and scattered configurations.			
	K M1 Lesson 10: Count out a group of objects to match a numeral.			
	K M1 Lesson 19: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
	K M1 Lesson 20: Count objects in 5-group and array configurations and match to a numeral.			
	K M1 Lesson 21: Count sets in circular configurations and match to a numeral.			
	K M1 Lesson 22: Count sets in scattered configurations and match to a numeral.			
	K M1 Lesson 24: Count out a group of objects to match a numeral.			
	K M1 Lesson 33: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
	K M2 Lesson 16: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
	K M3 Lesson 22: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			
	K M4 Lesson 17: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.			

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

Learning Standards	Anglied Components of Edreka Math
K.NS.B.9 continued	K M5 Lesson 27: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M6 Lesson 1: Describe teen numbers as 10 ones and ones.
	K M6 Lesson 6: Count out a group of objects to match a numeral.
	K M6 Lesson 7: Decompose numbers $10-20$ with 10 as a part.
	K M6 Lesson 12: Investigate different ways to decompose teen numbers.
	K M6 Lesson 13: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.
	K M6 Lesson 24: Organize, count, and represent a collection of objects.

Number Sense

K.NS.C Compare numbers.

Missouri Mathematics Learning Standards

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.NS.C.10	K M3 Lesson 12: Relate <i>more</i> and <i>fewer</i> to length.			
Compare two or more sets of objects and identify which set is equal to, more than or less than the other.	K M3 Lesson 13: Compare sets by using more than, fewer than, and the same number as.			
	K M3 Lesson 14: Use number to compare sets with like units.			
	K M3 Lesson 16: Count and compare sets with unlike units.			
	K M3 Lesson 17: Count and compare sets in pictures.			
	K M3 Lesson 21: Describe and compare several measurable attributes of objects and sets.			
	K M6 Lesson 20: Compare totals in story situations.			
	K M6 Lesson 21: Count and compare sets with more than 10 objects.			
	K M6 Lesson 22: Compare area by comparing number.			
	K M6 Lesson 23: Compare lengths of objects by using 10-sticks and individual cubes.			

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.NS.C.11

Compare two numerals, between 1 and 10, and determine which is more than or less than the other.

K M3 Lesson 19: Compare numbers by using greater than, less than, and equal to.

K M3 Lesson 18: Compare the capacity of containers by using numerals.

K M3 Lesson 20: Compare two numbers in story situations.

Number Sense and Operations in Base Ten

K.NBT.A Work with numbers 11-19 to gain foundations for place value.

Missouri Mathematics Learning Standards

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.NBT.A.1

Compose and decompose numbers from 11 to 19 into sets of tens with additional ones.

K M6 Lesson 1: Describe teen numbers as 10 ones and ___ ones.

K M6 Lesson 2: Find 10 ones in a teen number.

K M6 Lesson 3: Write numerals 11-20.

K M6 Lesson 4: Order numerals 0-20.

K M6 Lesson 6: Count out a group of objects to match a numeral.

K M6 Lesson 7: Decompose numbers 10-20 with 10 as a part.

K M6 Lesson 8: Represent teen number compositions and decompositions as addition sentences.

K M6 Lesson 9: Represent teen number decompositions as subtraction sentences.

K M6 Lesson 10: Make sense of word problems involving teen numbers.

K M6 Lesson 11: Represent teen number decompositions as 10 ones and some ones and find a hidden part.

Relationships and Algebraic Thinking

K.RA.A Understand addition as putting together or adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart or taking from.

Missouri Mathematics Learning Standards

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.RA.A.1

Represent addition and subtraction within 10.

K M4 Lesson 3: Decompose a group to identify parts and total.

K M4 Lesson 4: Decompose a group and record parts and total by using a number bond.

K M4 Lesson 6: Decompose a number in more than one way and record.

K M4 Lesson 7: Find partners to 5.

K M4 Lesson 10: Sort and record the decomposition with a number bond.

K M4 Lesson 11: Model put together with total unknown story problems.

K M4 Lesson 12: Draw to represent put together with total unknown story problems.

K M4 Lesson 13: Choose a math tool to solve put together with total unknown story problems.

K M4 Lesson 14: Model take apart with both addends unknown situations.

K M4 Lesson 15: Choose a math tool to solve take apart with both addends unknown situations.

K M4 Lesson 16: Compose and decompose numbers and shapes.

K M5 Topic A: Represent Addition

K M5 Topic B: Represent Subtraction

K M5 Lesson 15: Identify the action in a problem to represent and solve it.

K M5 Lesson 16: Relate addition and subtraction through word problems.

K M5 Lesson 17: Reason about different units to solve story problems.

K M5 Lesson 19: Represent and solve take from with change unknown problems.

K M5 Lesson 21: Organize drawings to solve problems efficiently.

K M5 Lesson 24: Solve story problems by using repeated reasoning.

K M5 Lesson 26: Reason about numbers to add and subtract.

K M6 Lesson 8: Represent teen number compositions and decompositions as addition sentences.

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.RA.A.1 continued	K M6 Lesson 9: Represent teen number decompositions as subtraction sentences.			
	K M6 Lesson 10: Make sense of word problems involving teen numbers.			
	K M6 Lesson 11: Represent teen number decompositions as 10 ones and some ones and find a hidden part.			
K.RA.A.2	K M5 Lesson 7: Find the total in an addition sentence.			
Demonstrate fluency for addition and subtraction within 5.	K M5 Lesson 14: Find the difference in a subtraction sentence.			
K.RA.A.3	K M4 Lesson 6: Decompose a number in more than one way and record.			
Decompose numbers less than or equal to $10\ \mathrm{in}$ more than one way.	K M4 Lesson 7: Find partners to 5.			
	K M4 Lesson 8: Find partners to 10.			
	K M4 Lesson 18: Use the structure of 5 and 10 to build a rekenrek.			
	K M5 Lesson 4: Represent decomposition situations by using number bonds and addition sentences.			
K.RA.A.4	K M5 Lesson 20: Find the number that makes 10 and record with a number sentence.			
Make 10 for any number from 1 to 9 .	K M5 Lesson 26: Reason about numbers to add and subtract.			

Geometry and Measurement

K.GM.A Reason with shapes and their attributes.

Missouri Mathematics Learning Standards

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.GM.A.1 Describe several measurable attributes of objects.	 K M3 Lesson 2: Compare lengths of simple straight objects by using longer than, shorter than, and about the same length as. K M3 Lesson 7: Compare weights by using heavier than, lighter than, and about the same weight as. K M3 Lesson 12: Relate more and fewer to length. K M3 Lesson 21: Describe and compare several measurable attributes of objects and sets.
K.GM.A.2 Compare the measurable attributes of two objects.	K M3 Topic A: Compare Heights and Lengths K M3 Topic B: Compare Weights K M3 Lesson 21: Describe and compare several measurable attributes of objects and sets.

Geometry and Measurement

K.GM.B Work with time and money.

Missouri Mathematics Learning Standards

Aligned Components of *Eureka Math*²

K.GM.B.3	Supplemental material is necessary to address this standard.
Demonstrate an understanding of concepts of time and devices that measure time.	
K.GM.B.4	Supplemental material is necessary to address this standard.
Name the days of the week.	

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.GM.B.5	Supplemental material is necessary to address this standard.
Identify pennies, nickels, dimes and quarters.	

Geometry and Measurement

K.GM.C Analyze squares, circles, triangles, rectangles, hexagons, cubes, cones, cylinders and spheres.

Missouri Mathematics Learning Standards

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

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Identify shapes and describe objects in the environment using names of shapes, recognizing the name stays the same regardless of orientation or size. K M2 Lesson 2: Classify shapes as triangles or nontriangles.

K M2 Lesson 3: Classify shapes as circles, hexagons, or neither.

K M2 Lesson 4: Classify shapes as rectangles or nonrectangles, with square rectangles as a special case.

K M2 Lesson 5: Communicate the position of flat shapes by using position words.

K M2 Lesson 6: Distinguish between flat and solid shapes.

K M2 Lesson 7: Name solid shapes and discuss their attributes.

K M2 Lesson 9: Match solid shapes to their two-dimensional faces.

K M2 Lesson 11: Construct and classify polygons.

K M2 Lesson 14: Compose flat shapes.

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.GM.C.7	K M2 Lesson 2: Classify shapes as triangles or nontriangles.
Describe the relative positions of objects in space.	K M2 Lesson 3: Classify shapes as circles, hexagons, or neither.
	K M2 Lesson 4: Classify shapes as rectangles or nonrectangles, with square rectangles as a special case.
	K M2 Lesson 5: Communicate the position of flat shapes by using position words.
	K M2 Lesson 14: Compose flat shapes.
K.GM.C.8	K M2 Lesson 1: Find and describe attributes of flat shapes.
Identify and describe the attribute of shapes, and use the attributes to sort a collection of shapes.	K M2 Lesson 2: Classify shapes as triangles or nontriangles.
	K M2 Lesson 3: Classify shapes as circles, hexagons, or neither.
	K M2 Lesson 4: Classify shapes as rectangles or nonrectangles, with square rectangles as a special case.
	K M2 Lesson 8: Classify solid shapes based on the ways they can be moved.
	K M2 Lesson 9: Match solid shapes to their two-dimensional faces.
	K M2 Lesson 10: Construct a circle.
	K M2 Lesson 12: Construct solid shapes by using a square base.
	K M2 Lesson 13: Draw flat shapes.
	K M2 Lesson 15: Compose solid shapes to create a structure that can fit a toy inside.
K.GM.C.9	K M2 Lesson 10: Construct a circle.
Draw or model simple two-dimensional shapes.	K M2 Lesson 11: Construct and classify polygons.
	K M2 Lesson 12: Construct solid shapes by using a square base.
	K M2 Lesson 13: Draw flat shapes.

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.GM.C.10	K M4 Lesson 1: Compose flat shapes and count the parts.
Compose simple shapes to form larger shapes using manipulatives.	K M4 Lesson 2: Decompose flat shapes and count the parts.
	K M4 Lesson 9: Compose shapes in more than one way.
	K M5 Lesson 25: Extend growing patterns.

Data and Statistics

K.DS.A Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category.

Missouri I	Mathematics
Learning	Standards

Aligned Components of Eureka Math²

K.DS.A.1 Classify objects into given categories; count the number of objects in each category.	K M1 Topic A: Classify to Make Categories and Count K M1 Lesson 15: Sort the same group of objects in more than one way and count. K M1 Lesson 16: Decompose a set shown in a picture. K M3 Lesson 15: Classify flat shapes into groups and compare the number of shapes in each group.
K.DS.A.2 Compare category counts using appropriate language.	K M1 Topic A: Classify to Make Categories and Count K M1 Lesson 15: Sort the same group of objects in more than one way and count. K M1 Lesson 16: Decompose a set shown in a picture. K M3 Lesson 15: Classify flat shapes into groups and compare the number of shapes in each group.